THE INDIANAPOLIS NEWS.

AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER,

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nces, drafts, checks, and postoffice alld be made payable to the order of JOHN H. HOLLIDAY & CO.

Felitorial rooms........673 | Business office.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 18, 1885.

THE base ball fever shows symptoms violent and wide-spread outbreak as soon as the weather permits. Chances are that we shall have it and the cholera both raging

THE New York Sun urges Congressma Bynum to be magnanimous and let Mr Hendricks have the control of the Indiana polis postmastership. Most people would prefer not to have it at all than to have it as he gift of somebody's magnanimity.

THE Iowa supreme court has sustained he constitutionality of the prohibition law. Now everything on earth has been done for it that can be, and its trial is to be in a locality singularly fitted for its success. The very best thing prohibitionists can now do for the future of their cause is to see to it that the trial in Iowa results successfully.

Your Uncle Joseph seems to be a sort of "move-along Joe." Washington public ex-pression concerning him continues its tone of eulogy. He occupies now a position of great moral strength. If he doesn't fritter it away by the acceptance of some two-penny appoint ment, he seems certain to be a quantity that must be reckoned in the democratic

WHILE these fastidious critics are worrying about Mr. Manning, he has been giving an illustration of practical civil service reform by dismissing forty superfluous employes in the special agents' division and saving \$40,000 a year to the government.—[New York Sun.

If forty special treasury agents only cos \$40,000, they ought to be retained. Why their traveling expenses would amount to twice that, to say nothing of their salaries! There must be some mistake about this ex-

In the picture gallery built and so grandly filled by the late Alexander T. Stewart hang canvasses of great cost, cracking and rotting away. No stranger can possibly gain access to this hall, which the collector was proudly willing to open to appreciative visitors.—

[New York Letter.]

We know a stranger who had no difficulty in getting into the Stewart gallery, having applied for permission through the customary channel. He spent a most delightful morn-ing there, and didn't find a single crack in a single canvass, nor any of them, or their frames in the slightest way out of order This letter was undoubtedly written-as so much is for the press every day-from the

THE death of Professor Thompson is more than a loss to the Rose Polytechnic school. It is a loss to technological education in this country, of which he was one of the ablest advocates, and it is a wreck and loss of so much of good in a social, intellectual and moral way. Here is one who by nature and education was equipped with the complete outfit of a gentleman, and just entering upon the prime of life, gave promise of becoming a powerful gave promise of becoming a powerful force for the leavening of all relations in sogood utterly perishes when such a man dies! His memory and his example will live after

IF there is anything to be judged at this distance about the Auglo-Russian disagreement, it is that the agreement which Gladstone announced yesterday is a hollow sham. It is a square back-down for England. It allows the Russian advance to remain where it is, and gives it discretionary powers. It will not make trouble, the agreement declares, unless the Afghans should provoke it. It looks very much as if England needed a strong government. She has been "whipat every turn in this Russian muddle, and it will be a wonder if she doesn't get into trouble deeper still.

Another case of accidental poisoning by a druggist's clerk's mistaking one of the ingre ats of a regulation, illegible, unintelligible prescription, is noted by an eastern pa-per. Of course the doctors, who write pre-scriptions, will insist that the clerk was a dolt for not finding a scrawl of abbreviations as plain as a show bill; but all the same, on sense would like to know why prescriptions can't be written in full and legibly, so that the chances of deadly blundering in the reader may be diminished? It may be a little more trouble to the writer, but not much more, and it would be some additional assurance against errors, where errors are serious matters. If bad hand writing, as frequently happens, be added to obscure ab-breviations and cabalistic marks, the puzzle is to know whether it is a prescription or an Ashantee fetish. Druggists' clerks are sometimes at a good deal of loss to know what a doctor means to put into a patient to disgust his complaint enough to drive it away, and a very little confusion in such cases may mean a week of suffering for a luckless being, and once in a while a coffin. Hegibility in the manuscript of a letter or a sewspaper article or a book is not likely to be a serious matter in any case, and is very likely to be easily reparable. So the only call for care is in that which concerns the tor and proof reader. But a doctor's "bad hand," in a double sense, is apt to be put under ground and the reparation left to the day of judgment. The Visit to Ireland.

The attempt of the Irish nationalists to leave the prince of Wales severely alone on the occasion of his prospective trip to Ireland, it is said, will amount to nothing, as the vast majority of the wealth and responsible citizenship is preparing a rousing reception, and it is calculated that crowds will be at tracted as they are by all raree-shows, and this will, of course, be taken as a demonstration of loyalty which means a disintegration in the nationalist cause. Hosannas "worked up" in this fashion should never be allowed to go for any more than what they are, namely, a paid clack. The English govern-

ment in this affair is much like the newly appointed Indian agent who, lacking all eloonence except the eloquence of profanity, and bent only on plundering his new charges, made them a friendly address to begin with. Talking through and to an interpreter, his deliverance was some thing in this style: "Tell 'em-tell 'emblank-blank 'em! that their great Father loves 'em." "Tell 'em that, blank 'em!' "Tell 'em by blank! how happy they are." "Tell 'em, blank their blank souls, how well off they are!" That is just about the design and purpose and substance of the prince of Wales's Irish visit. It is a political parade, if it is anything at all, and an in lecent attempt to pervert the spirit of hospitality to base purposes. It is to be hoped that Irishmen will not surrender one iota of their self-respect, either in giving way to spite or malice or in feigning a joy they do not feel. This does not reach the merits the Irish nationalist cause. One may differ or agree in them as he likes; but it ought to be plain that this proposed visit is an attempt to take a mean advantage, the advantage of construing what might otherwise be a welcome offered to a gentleman into proof of a political loyalty which is not felt. An ex etly similar thing was tried in this country by the "third termers," who sent Grant over the land, and then tried to make the pop-

True Reform.

ular mind think that the welcome which was

extended to him by democrats and republicans alike was proof of support of the polit-

ical aspirations he represented.

The high priest of the mugwumps, Henry Ward Beecher, has been lecturing Washingtonians on the beauties of "Evolution and Revolution." It is said he has also lectured Cleveland on the beauties of retaining Mr. Pearson as postmaster of the New York city postoffice, as being in the interests of civil service reform. We can't see that it is anything of the kind. There is no more reaso in retaining him than in retaining Mr. Wildman in the Indianapolis postoffice. Mr. Wildman, we venture to say, has been as exemplary an officer at every point as Mr. Pearson, but civil service reform contemplates the creation of no class of office holders, and with a change of administration both Mr. Pearson and Wildman should be not necessarily changed, but changeable. Otherwise, the people would lose all control of their public ervants and become dominated, in time, by a clique armed with the insolence of office, secure in their place, who would become masters, and not servants, as such class is to-day in imperial governments.

in point. Employes there, secure as they have been in place and independent of all control by the people, are so insolent that it is worth a man's self-respect to ask a question of them. Visitors there of all politics testify to this. Once get the custom established that heads of offices are not to be removable, and a similar thing would prevail everywhere. It is the offices which must be divorced from politics, not the control of them. Of course this will work hardship sometimes, and will surrender to the operation of the spoils system places which ought not to be surrendered. In this vast and thinly settled continent it is not possible to have everything work to perfection all at once, ary to leave a gree number of small postoffices, for example, open to change. But the reform should be extended to take in every office which has say a single subordinate, and to allow no change in any case except when it would eventuate in more good than harm. It is because we have this cause so much at heart that we do not want to see it perverted, and so brought into disrepute and lost as it will be by such mal-application of it that it means the retention of everybody in office. The body must be fixed. but the head and shoulders must be movable. The rank and file must remain, but the officers, the commanders, must be changeable. It is the only way to prevent abuses, and clety with a lofty inspiration. How much of prevent the formation of a caste of office

The Dread of Ghouls,

[Philadelphia Letter.]
Since the descertation of the grave of the late A. T. Stewart, the tombs of men of even moderate means are always guarded for weeks after burial. In the case of men of large wealth this protectorship is prolonged for months, and, indeed, the time of its ceasing is often purposely left a matter of uncertainty. The widow of a wealthy financier who was one of the richest and most widely known men in Philadelphia, not only had men guard her husband's grave, but she also had a mass of granite put upon it, so large and heavy that the power of an engine would have been required to pull it away. Still, it is the proper thing to boast of our advanced civilization, and to glory in the nineteenth century as the period of all the graces. weeks after burial. In the case of men of

Imposing Upon the Poor. [New York Sun.]

"It all comes o' bein' poor," said an old lady, trembling with indignation, to her sick husband. "I just stopped in a minnit at the Riches to tell 'em as how you wasn't gittin' any better, and Mrs. Rich sed she was sorry, and wanted me to bring you a bottle of wins."

wine."
"Did you bring it?" asked the sick man, "No; I heard her say it had been layin down in the cellar ever since 1855, an' when she offered it to me I jist walked off without sayin' a word."

The Telegraph Army.
Of the forty thousand telegraph operators
in the United States, twenty-five thousand are employed by railroads and fifteen thousand by private corporations. Almost all are said to have joined the Telegraphers' protective

Let the Baby Sleep Well.
[Baby Land.]

A baby must have all the sleep it will take, and be encouraged to take that by all the woolng influence of shade and silence.
Next let the periods of rest, as he grows older, be stated and punctual. be stated and punctual.

The Most Powerful Motive.

[Prof. Bain.]

The possession of a spot of land is the most powerful of all motives known to in-

Alack A-Day.
[Wayne Clüzen.]
Now it does look like there was to be no summer for the Bourbons. Comfort for the Unlucky.

Richard A. Proctor says that a hand at whist can be made up in 635,013,559,600

ways. A Baseless Fabrication.

[Boston Bulletin.]

The Bartholdi statue.

Never Grow Old.

I looked in the tell-tale mirror
And saw the marks of care.
The crows seet and the wrinkles
And the gray in the dark brown hair;
My wife looked over my shoulder,
Most beautiful was she:
"Thou wilt never grow old, my love," she
said. "Never grow old to me.

For age is the chilling of heart,
And thine, as mine can tell,
Is as young and warm as when first we heard
The sound of our bridal bell:"
I turned and kissed her ripe red lips;
"Let time do its worst our me.
If in my soul, my love, my faith,
"I never seem old to thee?"
—(Charies Mackay.

-[Charles Mackay. "SCRAPS."

In Booth's round of characters he has had o memorize 260,000 words. The Japanese "upper ten thousand" are learning to dance in the American fashion. A serious trade depression has been re-orted at Java on sugar and coffee, together

A flag-staff at Mount Vernon, W. T., 146 feet high, is claimed to be the longest unspliced spar in the United States. In Eagle City, Arizona, the other day, the enthusiastic miners presented the mother of the first child born there with \$5,000.

A butcher at Downieville, Cal., recently dressed a five hundred pound bullock in thirteen and three-quarter minutes on a Charles O'Cono r's law library has been on

sale during the past week. There were 1,261 lots sold. The prices realized were only moderate. Emperor Dom Pedro, of Brazil, favors the

method of preventing yellow fever by vace i-nation, and 500 persons have been vaccinated

at Rio Janeiro.

Congressman-elect J. D. Richardson, of Tennessee, will be the tallest member of the next house. He stands nearly seven feet high in his stockings. A Philadelphia woman says she was kissed by a ghost in the dark. This goes to show that Philadelphia ghosts are not so particu-

lar in some respects as most people.—[Sor ville Journal. ville Journal.

The steamer Beaver, which was launched in 1835, and was the first steam vessel ever in the Pacific, was pronounced perfectly sound by the inspector at Victoria, British Columbia, Tuesday February 24.

West Virginia is not behind in enterpris ing lawyers, at any rate. A Wheeling pape-boasts of one "who sued a dead man, got judg-ment, issued an execution advertising his property, sold it, got the money, and spent it for whisky hefore the court was apprised of

The following order for a set of false teeth was sent to a dentise at Triangle, N. Y.:
"My mouth is 3 inches acrost, a inches
through the jaw; some humocky on the edge;
shaped like a horseshoe, toe forward. If you want me to be more pertik'lar I shel hev to

want me to be more pertic far I shel hev to cum thar, Yours truly —,"—[Troy Times., Edmund Gossec said in a recent interview, published in the Pall Mall Gazette: "The American is much more cultivated than the average Englishman. He reads books more. There are no circulating libraries in America Books are bought, and private libraries, how ever small, are formed throughout the coun The prince of Wales has already visited

Ireland, in 1861, in 1865, when he opened the Dublin exposition, in 1868, when he was made a Knight of St. Patrick, and in 1871 when he opened the Royal Agricultural ex-hibition. Other members of the queen's family have visited Ireland on various occa-"Actors learn their parts in different ways

Some can commit only by the eye; it is photographed temporarily on the retina of the brain. so to speak, sometimes by a single reading Some commit only by hearing-the ear serving them as the eye serves others. Some counit a part by writing it out two or three times; the writing fixes it."—[Barrett. Carpenters use square mallets, while stone-cutters use round ones. The reason with the The New Orleans city postoffice is a case

former is that they may be used in corners where a round mallet would not go. Stone-cutters use round mallets in order that a dif-ferent part may strike on the chisel at each The cutter turns his hammer as he works, otherwise the iron tool would soon George W. Cable was compelled to leave school at the age of fourteen and aid in sup-porting the family. During his leisure hours in the confederate service in war times he made a critical study of the Bible, mathematics, and Latin grammar. After the war he accepted a position as errand boy for a

mercantile house in New Orleans. He studied civil engineering and was for a time He engaged in a state surveying expedition.
"I can always tell the nationality of an engineer by the complaint he makes," said an old engine builder and repairer. "The Scotchman is always worried about the boch losh;' Englishmen and Irishmen are always fighting 'the thump,' which they firmly be-lieve was left for them to remove; the German is very much concerned about 'dem walves,' while the Yankee has a hard time to

'keep her from chawin [St. Joseph Herald. St. Joseph Herald.

Charlotte Cushman "had a foot of her own" in size, and generally wore fours, but could crowd into a three-and-a-half on "a tight squeeze." One night, soon after recovtight squeeze." One night, soon after recovering from a severe attack of inflammatory rheumatism, she was wearing a pair of slippers much too small for her. Darting behind the wings between scenes, she snatched them off and threw them as far as she could, exclaiming: "Ye gods! Somebody lend me a pair of slippers. or I'll go on in my stockings!" "What number do you wear?" asked a young actor, ready to help her in the emergency. "Oh, never mind the number; anything from five to twenty!" she replied.—[New York World.

A charming French lady who passed

[New York World.

A charming French lady, who passed through the painful days of the siege of Paris, was relating in her graceful way to a friend some of her experiences. She said that rats and mice, however disguised by intelligent cookery, became quite distasteful; the lattest cats palled upon the palate. If, however, a stray pigeon happened to settle upon the roof the street instantly became full upon the roof the street instantly became full of people seeking to entrap the delicacy. It often happened, however, that the pigeon turned out to be a messenger bird, and hence as sacred as the lbis of Egypt. "In fact," said the story teller, "this was so often the case that to this day I can never bear to eat a pigeon. I always feel as if I were devouring a pestion. ing a postman.

President Cleveland has very long business hours. He is in his office ready to see people at 8:45. He is there, with the exception of his going to lunch, until 6 o'clock, when he dines. His dinner is not a long affair of three or four hours, like the Arthurdinners. By 7:30 the President is back in his office, and remains there until nearly midnight. I saw him last night a little before 11. He did not look at all fatigued, although it was at the close of a very long day. He said that he had hardly been out of the White House since he came to Washington, a week ago yesterday. He hopes to make arrangements for out-door exercise within a few days. He is very much surprised at the comparative freedom he enjoys here from the pressure of office-seekers. He had anticipated a great deal of discomfort from this source alone. He finds, however, that he is not nearly so much annoyed by personal re-President Cleveland has very long businot nearly so much annoyed by personal re-quests in Washington as he was in Albany. —[Washington letter.

—[Washington letter.

-The Yaqui Indians of Sonora long since used tactics of war that were unknown to civilized troops. In a former uprising, says the San Francisco Call, they were attacked by General Pesquerias, who was much amused to see the savages use blankets as a shield against the soldier's bullets. Holding up a blanket at both ends, so that the edge just touched the ground, the Indian riflemen marched boldly toward him behind this apparently flimsy protection. The Mexican generally flimsy protection. marched boldly toward him behind this appa-rently flimsy protection. The Mexican gen-eral was soon alarmed, however, to find that his bullets did not stop the strange advance, and the moving fort of blankets soon came so close to him and poured in such a deadly fire that he was fain to fly the field in confusion and with great loss. The Yaquis had become acquainted with the simple fact that while a bullet will pass through twenty blankets strained over a frame or laid against a firm surface, it will not penetrate a single one if strained over a frame or laid against a firm surface, it will not penetrate a single one if moistened and hung up so as to swing clear of the ground. The bullets which General Pesquerias imagined were passing through the Indian blankets and thinning the ranks of the savages were all falling harmlessly on the ontside of the woolen bulwarks, SURGERY WITHOUT PAIN.

Wonderful Success of the New Annual thetic—A Great Demand for Cocaine.
[New York Tribune.] A prominent eye surgeon was removing the bandages from the eye of a patient at the

Post Graduate School of Medicine, yesterday, when a Tribune reporter entered the room and asked, "Do you still use cocaine as an

"Well, I should say so; in operations upon the eve I feel now that I could not get along without it. In general practice it has driver ether and chloroform out of the field. It is not only a wonderful discovery, but it is astonishing how rapidly it has risen into favor. Even the most conservative in my profession, who look with disfavor upon anything new, will acknowledge that they

"What is cocaine?"

"It is the alkaloid of the leaves of a shrub, orginally wild but now largely cultivated, as the erythroxy lon coca. It grows in South America, principally in Peru and Bolivia, and looks much like the ordinary tea leaf. Dr. A. Neimann of Goslar, Ger many, gave it its present name in 1860. But ittle was then known of the properties of the drug. In some experiments, it was found that dogs could be killed by it when give 1 in large doses. Its effect was to paralyze the respiratory organs. Experiments have been made from time to time with it since, but it has never been looked upon as of much value as a therapeutic agent. That it would produce local anæsthesia was unknown until it it was accidentally discovered by a young nedical student named Koller, at Vienna, last September. Its merits have since been thoroughly tested and discussed all over the civilized world. I think that it has been tried in more cases in this country than in any other, and I believe that the palm for bold experimenta-tion and demonstration of its amesthetic properties in many branches of minor surgery should be awarded to America. There is hardly a field in which it has not been used with success. Too much cannot be said in its praise in surgical operations upon the eye, ear and nose. Almost every conceivable op-eration has been tried in these parts with cocaine, and in many cases the first the pa-tient knew—as far as feeling went—that any cutting had been done was when the wound was being bandaged. It is much easier to tell where it has not been used than where it has been. It has brought sleep to eyes that would not close, soothed angry wounds so that they were painless, stopped acute hem-orrhages and distressing asthmatic spasms, has allayed the irritability of the mucous lin ing of the mouth, so that laryngoscopic examnations could be made without distress and food could be given in the last stages of con-sumption, and has made the boring of the dental engine almost a pleasure, and the pull-ing of teeth painless. Its value is incalcula-ble in gynecology and genito-urinary sur-

gery."
"Is it true, as reported, that injurious effects have been found to follow the use of cocaine in some cases?"

ocaine in some cases?"
"So far as my experience goes—and I have treated hundreds of cases in which it has been freely used—I have yet to report the first case of injurious consequences. I have heard of one case of hysterical paralysis and a number of cases of nervous prostration fol-lowing its use. I do not believe that these onditions were the result of the cocaine, but I think they grew out of another circumstance that appears in all the operations in which it is used. It is only a local angesthetic; the senses remain perfectly active, and the operations of the mind normal. Although no pain is felt when the knife or other instrument enters the patient's flesh, yet the glistening knife and the spurting blood can be seen, and if the patient has not strong nerves the sight of these things will awaken horror in the mind and rapidly exhaust the vital energy. It is fear more than haust the vital energy. It is fear more than cocaine that produces an ill effect. There are also special cases in which cocaine can not be used to advantage. Take, for in-stance, a person of delicate nervous organiza-tion, troubled with squint or some other eye tion, troubled with squint or some other eye difficulty where an operation is necessary. The eye could be anæsthetized but not the mind, and the patient would become exceedingly troublesome, and twist and squirm from purely mental impressions, and render the surgeon liable to inflict an injury that might be fatal to the eye. In cases of this nature, the old anæsthetics must be used."

"Is cocaine made in this country?"

"Yes, it is made by a number of firms.
When first used last fall it was put up only
by Merck, a German chemist, was very scarce, and worth more than its weight in gold. It was made by a secret process. American chemists as soon as there was a de-mand for it, however, began to experiment, and after months of patient trial and the de-struction of a large quantity of coca leaves, have at last given us an alkaloid as good, and many think better, than Merck's im-ported preparation. The price, though it has been reduced somewhat, is still exorbitant and has not reached a normal basis. The de-mand has increased beyond the supply. It will take probably two years to bring co-caine to its proper position as a commercial article. The demand for coca leaves has been so great that the market has been cleaned out of all those of good quality, and chemists will have to wait until the plants grow to get their material. The plants are and after months of patient trial and the degrow to get their material. The plants are raised in a comparatively small section of country, but on account of the prospects of the future, preparations are being made to raise them on an extensive scale."

How does cocaine compare with ether in 'It is difficult to make a comparison. "It is difficult to make a comparison. Quantity for quantity, cocaine will overtop ether enormously. In actual use I think cocaine the cheaper. While it may take six ounces of ether to anesthetize a person, the same practical result can be attained with a few drops of a solution that contains only four per cent of cocaine; this difference in quantity makes the actual cost for a given operation about the same, and in time the advantage will be largely on the side of cocaine. The future of cocaine is a matter of supposition, but I believe that its uses are vet in the infancy of development, and it will be a greater boon to suffering humanity than we have any idea of at present."

"HENLEY SKATES"-PRICES REDUCED. A fine assortment Rink and Club Skate Satchels, just received and for sale at low prices. Can fit you now with Skates and Satchels complete, at reasonable prices. Call and examine our stock. We also have in stock the New Henley Monarch Club Skate, and repairs for both Rink and Club. HILDEBRAND & FUGATE, \$5 South Meridian st.

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NEW CORSETS. Best Fitting Makes.

Our \$1.00 All-Wool Jerseys. FRESH LOT JUST IN,

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Lumbago, Backache, Headache, Toothache,
Sore Throat, Swellings, Spraina, Brulace,
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AND ALL OTHER BODIET FAISS AND ACTES. by Draggista and Dealers everywhere. Fifty Cents a bottle Directions in 11 Lenguages.

THE CHARLES A. VOGELER CO., Baltimore, Ed., U. S. A.

REDUCTION IN THE PRICE OF GAS. Notice to Gas Consumers and Others.

Your attention is called to the marked reduction in the price of gas, which took effect on the 1st day of March. The company is now furnishing gas to all consumers at \$1.80 per 1,000 cubic feet. This price is certainly within the reach or all for both lighting and cooking purposes. The convenience and comfort of cooking by gas, especially during the summer months, where a fire is not otherwise required, can only be thoroughly appreciated by those who, have had experience in its useful application for that purpose. The company has sold for use in this city during the last four years a large number of gas stoves and is satisfied, from the many testimonials from its patrons, that these stoves "fill a long felt want." Your attention is called to the marked reduc-

STOVES AND GAS ENGINES FOR SALE AT COST Gasoline Stoves changed to Gas Stoves at

The Indianapolis Gas Light and Coke Co.. No. 47 South Pennsylvania Street. S. D. PRAY. Secretary.

Reduction in the Price of, Gas. Notice to Gas Consumers

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STOVES AND GAS ENGINES For Sale at Cost at

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HENRY DECKER, Secretary.

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The many thousands of delighted hearers who have spent "EVENINGS WITH BARNABEE," will be most than ever pleased to see his famous Songs gathered in this book, which is one of the best comic collections extant. 21 Songs; 150 pages. sheet muste size. Edited by Howard M. Dow. Price, \$1.25.

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A Vocal Visitor to Cheer the Children. By Wade Whipple, who understands the children's taste, and provides for them 20 attractive Nursery and other Songs, with accompaniments far Piano or Organ. Sheet music size. Well adorned with Pictures. Price, 78c. Fresh Flowers.

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For Choral Societies, are: Herbert and Flsa,
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Best Boiler Scale Purgative. TO TRY IT IS TO USE NO OTHER.

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ALL KINDS RUBBER SHOES, At reduced prices.

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25c for 6 bars French Villa Soap.
25c for 6 bars French Villa Soap.
25c for 5 bars of B. T. Babbit's Soap.
25c for 8 bas Piel's Starch.
25c for 4 lbs of all kinds of Jellies.
25c for 4 lbs of all kinds of Jellies.
25c for 4 lbs of Mince Meat.
25c for 4 lbs of Mince Meat.
25c for 6 lbs New Turkish Princs.
25c for 6 lbs New Turkish Princs.
25c for 6 lbs New English Curranta.
25c for 6 lbs New English Curranta.
25c for 6 lbs New English Curranta.
25c for 6 lbs Dried Sugar Corn.
25c for 4 lbs choice Carolina Rice.
25c for 4 lbs choice Carolina Rice.
25c for 3 lb California Apricots.
25c for 3 lb California Apricots.
25c for 18 lbs Carolina Rice.
25c for 19 lbs Carolina Rice.
25c for 10 lbs Carolina Apricots.
25c for 10 lbs Carolina Rice.
25c for 10 lbs Dearl Homitry.
25c for 12 lbs Pearl Homitry.
25c for 12 lbs Pearl Homitry.
25c for 12 lbs Pearl Grits.
25c for 16 lbs Lima Beans.
25c for 16 lbs Lima Beans.
25c for 16 lbs Baking Soda.
25c for 12 lbs Washing Soda.
25c for 2 cans Table Peaches.
25c for 3 cans of Damson Plums.
25c for 3 cans of Damson Plums.
25c for 5 ds of Navy Beans.
15c for 1 lb Baking Powder.
15c per qt for fulk Mustard or Chowchow.
10c for 3 doz pickels.
25c per both for pure ground Pepper.
25c per dox for Fest Corn.

75c for % bbl new crop family White Fish.
26c per dos for Holland Herring.
26c for 3 cans of Mackerel.
5c for 3 cans of Mackerel.
5c for 3 large No. 3 River Shore Mackerel.
8c per lb for large No. 1 fat Mackerel.
8c per lb for large No. 1 fat Mackerel.
8c per lb for large No. 1 fat Mackerel.
8c per lb for large No. 1 fat Mackerel.
8c per lb for Kingan & Co. 8 Shoulders.
10c per lb for Kingan & Co. 8 Shoulders.
10c per lb for Noise four.
8c per lb for Solb can choice Lard.
25c per 3 lbs of choice Lard.
25c per 3 lbs of choice Lard.
25c per gal for Choice Golden Syrup.
40c per gal for Choice Golden Syrup.
40c per gal for New Orleans Molasses.
40c per gal for New Orleans Molasses.
40c per gal for white wine or Orchard vinegat.
15c per gal for stire thread Sauerkraut.
20c per lb for Toat that sells all over town at 90c
25c per lb for Toat that sells all over town at 90c
25c per lb for Toat that sells all over town at 90c
25c per lb for Toat flar C Sugar.
81 for 15 lbs Granulated Sugar.
81 for 18 lbs white Extra C Sugar.
85 for 20 lbs Extra C Sugar.
86 for 20 lbs Extra C Sugar.
87 for 20 lbs Extra C Sugar.
88 for 20 lbs Extra C Sugar.
98 for 20 lbs Extra C Sugar.
98 for 20 lbs Extra C Sugar.
99 for 20 lbs Extra C Sugar.
90 lbs can orders delivered in Haughville.
North Indianapolis, Brightwood, Irvington, Belmont, or any part of the city.
Orders carefully packed and shipped C. O. D.
per express. No charge for puckage or cartage.
Parties ordering C. O. D. mist pay express charges on return money. No orders shipped by freight unless postofics order, postal note or money stecompanies order. All goods guaranteed to give satisfaction or money refunded.

30c per pound for pure ground Cinnamon or Allspice.

90c per doz for best Corn.

90c per doz for Standard Tomatoes.

80c per doz for Folk's or Van Camp's Pumpkin.

60c per doz for Lima Beans.

60c per doz for Succotasb.

15c per can for imported Sardines.

25c for 4 cans American Oil Sardines, 4 lbs.

M. M. WILLIAMS.

NOTICE.—I have moved my stock into large and elegant rooms just across the street. After this week my number will be 292 South liltinois street, on same side of street as No. 4 engine house. Will sell goods all week at old stand, 392 South liltinois street, opposite No. 4 engine house. If hotels, restaurants and boarding houses, not having time to call, will drop me a card with their number, City Solicitor J. H. Williams will call on them. Orders delivered promptly. them. Orders delivered promptly.

302 SOUTH ILLINOIS STREET,
Telephone 675. Opposite No. 4. Engine House

We are still on deck, selling the Best Goods for the Least Money. We offer you no shop-worn goods, but the very best patterns in our spring stock.

Body Brussels, 5-Frame, : : : 77c to \$1.121 Smith's 10-wire and other best Tapestries, : : .671 Extra Super Ingrains, : : : : .621 Call and see us before buying, and be convinced of the above assertion.

W. H. ROLL,

30, 32 and 34 SOUTH ILLINOIS ST. ALL SALES CASH. LADIES' CURACOA KID BUTTON SHOES \$3.00. With French kid buttons, fly worked but-

ton-holes, overlap quarters. These Shoes we have never offered before for less than \$3.50, as they are a very desirable Shoe, and we will have only about 500 pairs at this price. You must come early to get them. We have them on B. C, D, E and F widths.

BARNARD'S OCCIDENTAL SHOE STORE

Cor. Washington and Illinois Sts.

The prices we are quoting for Carpets, Wall Papers, Window Draperies, etc., continue to make it decidedly to the interest of all concerned to

NORTHWEST CORNER WASHINGTON AND MERIDIAN STREETS.



The Perfection is the favorite wherever introduced. The only direct acting, double cushion Skate made. Finest movements ever devised. Steel axles. Weight from one to two pounds less than any other skate. Never breaks. Write for prices.

THE MACHINE & STEEL PULLEY CO., SOLE MAKERS.

Funeral Directors. KREGELO & WHITSETT, 77 N. Delaware St.

TELEPHONE 564. INDIANA PAPER CO.,

Manufacturers. WM. O. DeVAY, President. 23 East Maryland St.

Closing out sale of DRY GOODS and SHOES at the CHICAGO DRY GOODS STORE,

4 cts a yard for dress Calico.
5 cts a yard for Merrimac Shirtings,
5 cts a yard for Merrimac Shirtings,
5 cts a yard for Cotton Flannel.
5 cts a dozen for Ladies' Dress Buttons,
12% cts for Boys' Caps.
20 cts a pair for Men's Suspenders.
25 cts a pair for Ladies' Merimo Hose.
25 cts a pair for Ladies' Heavy Woolen Socks.
25 cts a pair for Ladies' Heavy Woolen Socks.
25 cts a pair for Men's Heavy Drawers.
25 cts a pair for Men's Heavy Undershirts,
25 cts ayard for Red Medicated Flannel,
51.00 a pair for Men's Jeans Pants.
55 cts a pair for Men's Jeans Pants.
55 cts a pair for Men's Salf Shoes.
51.50 a pair for Men's Calf Shoes.
51.50 a pair for Ladies' Button Shoes.

CHICAGO DRY GOODS CO.

D. A. BOHLEN & SON. ARCHITECTS OFFICE: INDIANAPOLIS, IND. Telephone, 744.

Drunkenness and Opium Habit. These blighting diseases absolutely cured and the system restored to a healthy condition by C.C. BEERS, D., well known here. Send stamp for evidence, or call at residence, il Appleton street, Boston, Mass.

DRY GOODS! LYMAN VAPOR STOVE Most successful operating Stove in the market, 2, 3, OR 4 BURNERS. One generator supplies the gas for all burners, each burner being independent. As easy to light as a gas burner, THE NEW LYMAN OVEN,

JUST OUT. JOHNSTON & BENNETT. 62 East Washington Street.
Country dealers supplied. Write for circu

Coal and Wood.

Nut Coal, hand screened, per ton.... Island City Coal, per ton.... Best Brazil Block...

Anthracite and Jackson Coals and Coke. Best quality. MILLIER & WEILLS,

Cor. South street, and Kentucky avenue.

Troy Steam Laundry, 160 North Delaware St. SUPERIOR WORK. TELEPHONE 138, JOHN KIDD, Proprietor.